

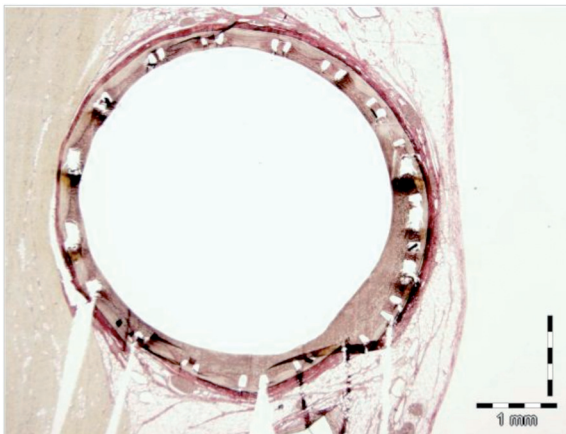


**STENTYS**  
SIMPLE STENT SOLUTIONS

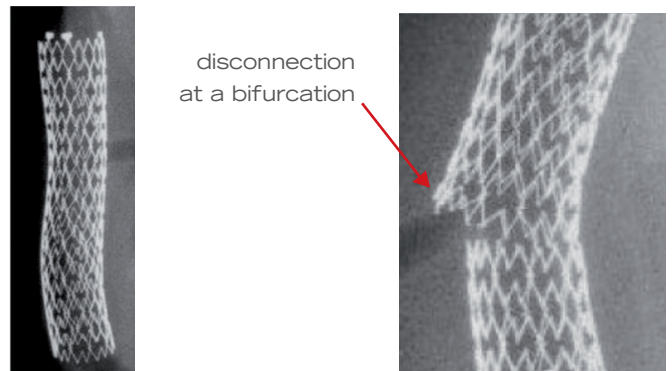
## PRE-CLINICAL RESULTS AND TECHNICAL INFORMATION

### Animal Studies

The STENTYS™ self-expanding, bare-metal stent shows a maintained open lumen in this porcine histology picture with good coverage of struts at 90 days.



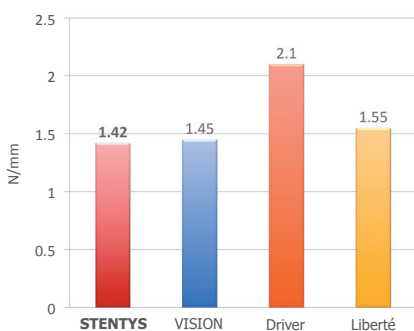
The STENTYS™ stent demonstrates good vessel conformability at 30 days in these porcine radiographs.



### Mechanical Properties<sup>1</sup>

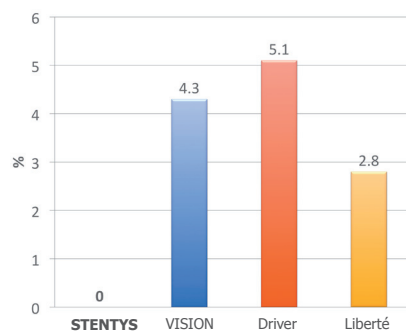
#### Radial Force

The "crush-resistance force" of the STENTYS™ stent is comparable with balloon-expandable stents.



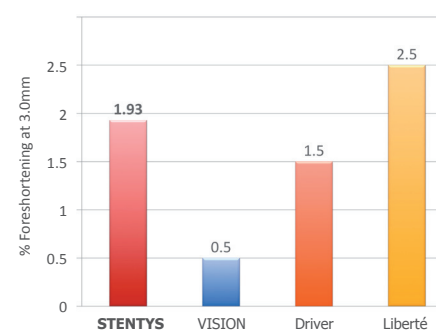
#### Stent Recoil

Due to its self-expanding nature, the STENTYS™ stent exhibits no recoil.



#### Foreshortening

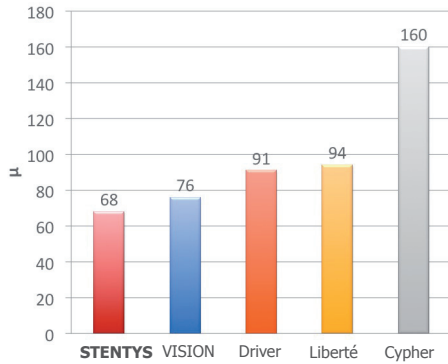
The STENTYS™ stent foreshortening is comparable to competitor stents.



# Stent Design

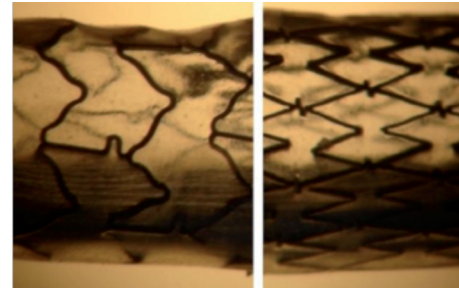
## Strut Width<sup>1</sup>

The STENTYS strut width is narrower than competitive stents, while still providing a strong, competitive radial force.



## Cell Area

Small, closed-cell design may result in fewer complications<sup>2</sup> and provides better coverage of thrombus to avoid distal embolisation and the possibility of no-reflow.

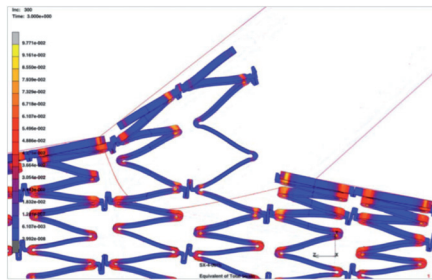


Vision stent cell area<sup>1</sup>  
3.86mm<sup>2</sup>

STENTYS™ stent cell area  
0.95mm<sup>2</sup>

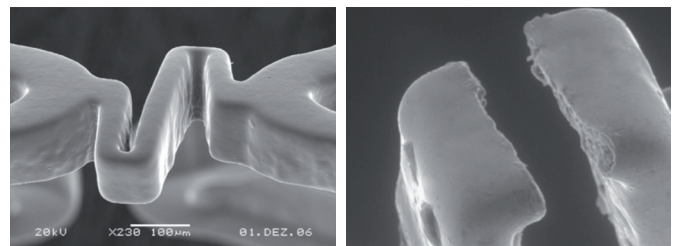
## Load-bearing Elements

This Finite Element Analysis (FEA) image shows the STENTYS™ stent deployed in a bifurcation model. The levels of strain placed on the stent when deployed confirm that disconnectors are not load-bearing elements of the stent.



## Stent Connectors

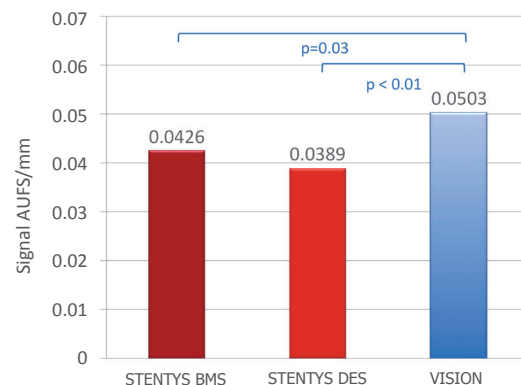
These Scanning Electron Microscope (SEM) pictures show microscopic views of the connector on the STENTYS™ stent, and the clean and safe separation of the connector when it is disconnected by a PTCA balloon.



# Material Properties

## Thrombogenicity

The STENTYS™ BMS and DES stents show a statistically significant reduction in susceptibility for thrombosis in an in vitro physiologic coronary flow system with porcine blood when compared with the Vision stent (CBSET, Lexington, Massachusetts).



<sup>1</sup> Data held on file

<sup>2</sup> Eur J Vasc Endovasc Surg. 2007 Feb; 33(2):135-41